



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

DEATHS DURING WEEK ENDED JUNE 7, 1919, IN CITIES.

The table following shows the registered deaths from all causes and from pneumonia (all forms) and influenza combined in certain large cities of the United States during the week ended June 7, 1919.

The data are taken from the "Weekly Health Index," June 10, 1919, issued by the Bureau of the Census, Department of Commerce.

Registered deaths and annual death rates per 1,000 population in certain large cities of the United States, week ended June 7, 1919—Deaths from all causes, and from pneumonia (all forms) and influenza combined.

City.	Population July 1, 1918, estimated.	Total deaths, all causes.	Annual death rate per 1,000.	Annual death rate for preceding years. ¹	Influenza and pneu- monia (all forms).	
					Number of deaths.	Annual death rate per 1,000.
Albany, N. Y.	112,565	34	15.7	C. 14.8	2	0.9
Atlanta, Ga.	201,732	69	17.8	C. 18.6		
Baltimore, Md.	² 669,981	220	17.1	A. 16.4		
Birmingham, Ala.	197,670	64	16.9	A. 20.0		
Boston, Mass.	785,245	232	15.4	A. 15.3	24	1.6
Buffalo, N. Y.	473,229	142	15.6	C. 24.2		
Cambridge, Mass.	111,432	34	15.9	A. 12.8		
Chicago, Ill.	2,596,681	668	13.4	A. 13.7	54	1.1
Cincinnati, Ohio.	418,022	120	15.0	C. 11.1		
Cleveland, Ohio.	810,306	178	11.5	C. 9.8	10	.6
Columbus, Ohio.	225,296	68	15.7	C. 12.7	4	.9
Dayton, Ohio.	130,655	31	12.4	C. 13.6	5	2.0
Denver, Colo.		64				
Fall River, Mass.	128,392	31	12.6	C. 17.5	4	1.6
Grand Rapids, Mich.	135,450	32	12.3	C. 7.3		
Indianapolis, Ind.	290,389	82	14.7	C. 12.2		
Jersey City, N. J.	318,770	65	10.6	C. 12.6		
Kansas City, Mo.	313,785	74	12.3	C. 13.6	7	1.2
Los Angeles, Calif.	568,495	140	12.8	A. 12.6	4	.4
Louisville, Ky.	242,707	70	15.0	C. 12.9	8	1.7
Lowell, Mass.	109,081	35	16.7	A. 13.2		
Memphis, Tenn.	154,759	57	19.2	C. 14.2	2	.7
Milwaukee, Wis.	453,481	94	10.8	A. 11.6	17	2.0
Minneapolis, Minn.	383,442	70	9.5	C. 12.1		
Nashville, Tenn.	119,215	37	16.2	C. 15.7	4	1.7
Newark, N. J.	428,684	114	13.9	C. 11.3		
New Haven, Conn.	154,865	47	15.8	C. 12.5		
New Orleans, La.	382,273	129	17.6	A. 21.2		
New York, N. Y.	5,215,879	1,304	13.0	C. 12.4	139	1.4
Oakland, Calif.	214,206	49	11.9	A. 10.2		
Omaha, Nebr.	180,264	32	9.3	C. 10.1		
Philadelphia, Pa.	1,761,371	502	14.9	³ 14.1		
Pittsburgh, Pa.	593,303	185	16.3	C. 12.9	30	2.6
Portland, Oreg.		62			4	
Providence, R. I.	263,613	63	12.5	C. 13.5	8	1.6
Richmond, Va.	160,719	50	16.2	C. 19.1		
Rochester, N. Y.	264,856	85	16.7	C. 13.6	4	.8
St. Louis, Mo.	779,951	191	12.8	C. 11.1	14	.9
St. Paul, Minn.	257,699	43	8.7	C. 10.1		
San Francisco, Calif.	478,530	126	13.7	C. 14.6	15	1.6
Seattle, Wash.		56			6	
Spokane, Wash.		21				
Syracuse, N. Y.	161,404	38	12.3	C. 12.9	2	.6
Toledo, Ohio.	262,234	77	15.3	A. 12.4	3	.6
Washington, D. C.	401,681	106	13.8	A. 15.4	5	.6
Worcester, Mass.	173,650	44	13.2	C. 9.9		

¹ "A" indicates that the rate given is the average annual death rate per 1,000 population for the corresponding week, of the years 1913 to 1917, inclusive. "C" indicates that the rate is the annual death rate per 1,000 population for the corresponding week of 1918.

² Population estimated as of July 1, 1919.

³ Rate is based on statistics of 1915, 1916, and 1917.